

H.R. 7147, Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2026

As posted on the website of the House Committee on Rules on January 20, 2026

<https://tinyurl.com/yc8n7p5y>

Table 1 summarizes CBO's estimates of discretionary spending under H.R. 7147, which would provide full-year appropriations and authorities for fiscal year 2026 for agencies covered by 1 of the 12 annual appropriation acts. The amounts include new discretionary budget authority and outlays for fiscal year 2026 stemming both from that bill and from appropriations enacted in prior years. In consultation with the House and Senate Committees on the Budget, the table delineates base spending, spending for three designated categories, and emergency spending.^a

Table 1.
Estimated Discretionary Spending Under H.R. 7147

Millions of Dollars		Base Spending			Designated Categories			Emergency Spending				Grand Total
		Security	Nonsecurity	Total, Base Spending	Disaster	Program Integrity	Wildfire Suppression	2026 Legislation		Prior-Year Legislation		
								Security	Nonsecurity	Security	Nonsecurity	
Homeland Security	BA:	3,000	61,400	64,400	26,367	0	0	0	0	20	1,000	91,787
	O:	3,066	95,101	98,167	2,900	0	0	0	0	40	17	101,124
Total	BA:	3,000	61,400	64,400	26,367	0	0	0	0	20	1,000	91,787
	O:	3,066	95,101	98,167	2,900	0	0	0	0	40	17	101,124

Source: Congressional Budget Office.

BA = budget authority; O = outlays.

a. Base spending stems from appropriations that are constrained by statutory limits (or caps) in years when those limits are in place, as was the case for fiscal years 2024 and 2025 under the Fiscal Responsibility Act of 2023 (FRA, Public Law 118-5). For 2026, no such limits apply. Spending for designated categories stems from appropriations that are legislatively designated for requirements related to disaster relief, certain activities related to program integrity, and wildfire suppression. Emergency spending stems from appropriations that are legislatively designated for emergency requirements. Emergency spending attributable to prior-year legislation consists of appropriations that were previously enacted and designated as emergency requirements for fiscal year 2026 for allocation enforcement under the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 (P.L. 93-344). (No allocations for 2026 have been established for the House or Senate Committee on Appropriations under that act. In the absence of such allocations, authorities to adjust them do not apply.) In keeping with section 103 of the FRA, those prior-year amounts also are excluded from calculations related to statutory budget enforcement. They stem from division J of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (P.L. 117-58), division B of the Bipartisan Safer Communities Act (P.L. 117-159), and section 443 of division G of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023 (P.L. 117-328). Base spending and emergency spending amounts are classified either as security spending (also referred to as defense spending, or in law as revised security, which is budget function 050) or as nonsecurity spending (or nondefense spending, referred to in law as revised nonsecurity, which covers all other budget functions). Spending for designated categories consists solely of nonsecurity spending.