

**CBO's Estimate of the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Effects of H.R. 1375, the Provide Accurate Information Directly Act (version H1375\_SUS.XML), as posted on the website Bills to be Considered on the House Floor (<https://docs.house.gov/floor/>) on December 7, 2020**

	By Fiscal Year, Millions of Dollars										2021- 2025	2021- 2030
	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030		
	<b>Net Increase or Decrease (-) in the Deficit</b>											
Pay-As-You-Go Effects	19	11	0	-3	-4	-4	-4	-5	-5	-5	23	<b>0</b>

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The Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010 established budget-reporting procedures for legislation affecting direct spending or revenues. The changes in outlays that are subject to those procedures are shown here. Estimates are relative to CBO's March 2020 baseline and assume enactment at the end of the calendar year. Components may not sum to totals because of rounding.

H.R. 1375 would make it easier for Medicare Advantage and prescription drug plans to recoup payments from other insurers when Medicare is the secondary payer.

The legislation would also make funds available to the Medicare Improvement Fund, and CBO estimates that those funds would be spent on program activities.