

## H.R. 3399, a bill to amend the Nutria Eradication and Control Act of 2003 to include California in the program, and for other purposes

As ordered reported by the House Committee on Natural Resources on January 29, 2020

By Fiscal Year, Millions of Dollars	2020	2020-2025	2020-2030
Direct Spending (Outlays)	0	0	0
Revenues	0	0	0
Increase or Decrease (-) in the Deficit	0	0	0
Spending Subject to Appropriation (Outlays)	0	52	not estimated
Statutory pay-as-you-go procedures apply?	No	<b>Mandate Effects</b>	
Increases on-budget deficits in any of the four consecutive 10-year periods beginning in 2031?	No	Contains intergovernmental mandate?	No
		Contains private-sector mandate?	No

H.R. 3399 would authorize the annual appropriation of \$12 million over the 2021-2025 period for the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to provide financial assistance to states to eradicate nutria, an invasive rodent species, and to restore wetlands damaged by nutria. In 2020, the agency allocated \$4 million for that purpose.

Assuming appropriation of the authorized amounts, and based on historical spending patterns for similar activities, CBO estimates that implementing H.R. 3399 would cost \$52 million over the 2020-2025 period. The costs of the bill, detailed in Table 1, fall within budget function 300 (natural resources and environment).

**Table 1.**  
**Estimated Increases in Spending Subject to Appropriation Under H.R. 3399**

	By Fiscal Year, Millions of Dollars						2020-2025
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	
Authorization	0	12	12	12	12	12	60
Estimated Outlays	0	7	10	11	12	12	52

The CBO staff contact for this estimate is Janani Shankaran. The estimate was reviewed by H. Samuel Papenfuss, Deputy Director of Budget Analysis.