

CBO's Estimate of the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Effects of H.R. 4625, Protect the GI Bill Act, as Posted to the Website of the House Majority Leader, dated November 8, 2019 at 4:55 p.m.

	By Fiscal Year, Millions of Dollars										2020- 2024	2020- 2029
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029		
	Net Increase or Decrease (-) in the Deficit											
Pay-As-You-Go Effects	7	32	37	10	-10	-16	-14	-15	-16	-17	77	0

Components may not sum to totals because of rounding.

The Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010 establishes budget-reporting and enforcement procedures for legislation affecting direct spending or revenues. The net changes in outlays that are subject to those procedures are shown here.

The bill, as posted to the website of the House Majority Leader, would make schools responsible for repaying overpayments of tuition benefits from the Department of Veterans Affairs under the Post-9/11 GI Bill, expand the conditions for full restoration of education benefits for students attending schools closed or disapproved before September 30, 2023, allow military service members to transfer Post-9/11 GI Bill benefits to their child wards, and authorize housing allowances under the Post-9/11 GI Bill during short periods of active-duty service.

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