## Social Security: OASI, DI, and Trust Funds-CBO's April 2018 Baseline

Social Security has two parts: Old-Age and Survivors Insurance (OASI), which pays benefits to retired workers, their families, and some survivors of deceased workers; and Disability Insurance (DI), which makes payments to disabled workers until those workers reach the age at which they are eligible to receive full retired-worker benefits under OASI and to their families. The program is funded primarily through payroll taxes on employers and workers, who each pay 6.2 percent of earnings; self-employed workers pay the entire 12.4 percent tax.

To receive OASI or DI benefits, workers must have a substantial employment history and meet other criteria. CBO's projections of outlays for OASI and DI benefits are based on the number of beneficiaries and their average benefits.

Although Social Security is part of the overall federal budget, its benefits are paid from trust funds that are funded mainly from payroll taxes and interest on their balances. Under current law, the Social Security Administration may not pay benefits in excess of the available balances in a trust fund.

|  | Actual |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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Notes: Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
PIA = primary insurance amount; COLA = cost-of-living adjustment.

