

**CBO ESTIMATE FOR HOUSE RULES COMMITTEE PRINT 115-30—THE MAKE AMERICA SECURE APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2018
(DISCRETIONARY ONLY)**

		Fiscal Year 2018, in Millions of Dollars							
		Regular Appropriations ^a			Adjustments ^b			Total ^c	
<u>Subcommittee</u>		Defense	Nondefense	Total	OCO/GWOT	Disaster Relief	Program Integrity	Emergency Requirements	
Defense (Division A)	BA:	584,050	131	584,181	73,934	0	0	0	658,115
	O:	553,696	149	553,845	38,704	0	0	0	592,549
Legislative Branch (Division B)	BA:	0	3,580	3,580	0	0	0	0	3,580
	O:	0	3,697	3,697	0	0	0	0	3,697
Military Construction, VA (Division C)	BA:	9,585	78,581	88,166	638	0	0	0	88,804
	O:	7,944	76,649	84,593	6	0	0	0	84,599
Energy and Water (Division D)	BA:	20,456	17,106	37,562	0	0	0	0	37,562
	O:	19,982	18,949	38,931	0	0	0	0	38,931
Total	BA:	614,091	99,398	713,489	74,572	0	0	0	788,061
	O:	581,622	99,444	681,066	38,710	0	0	0	719,776

Source: Congressional Budget Office.

Notes: BA = budget authority; O = outlays; OCO/GWOT = Overseas Contingency Operations/Global War on Terrorism; VA = Veterans Affairs.

Divisions A-D of Rules Committee Print 115-30 (RCP 115-30), the Make America Secure Appropriations Act, 2018, contain, with certain exceptions, the text of the following bills reported in the House of Representatives: H.R. 3219 (Defense), H.R. 3162 (Legislative Branch), H.R. 2998 (Military Construction, VA), and H.R. 3266 (Energy and Water).

- In fiscal year 2018, most discretionary budget authority is subject to limits as described in the Budget Control Act of 2011 (P.L. 112-25). In its *Sequestration Preview Report to the President and Congress for Fiscal Year 2018*, the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) estimated that those limits would total \$1,064,806 million—\$549,057 million for defense programs and \$515,749 million for nondefense programs.
- Designated pursuant to section 251(b)(2) of the Deficit Control Act; spending limits for fiscal year 2018 would be adjusted to accommodate these amounts.
- CBO calculates that if the Make America Secure Appropriations Act, 2018, were enacted in its current form, the amount of discretionary budget authority provided in that legislation for defense programs for fiscal year 2018 would exceed its limit by approximately \$65 billion and therefore would require a sequestration. However, the authority to determine whether a sequestration is required, and, if so, how to make the necessary cuts in budget authority, rests with OMB.