



**CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE
COST ESTIMATE**

March 1, 2005

S. 152

Wild Sky Wilderness Act of 2005

*As ordered reported by the Senate Committee on Energy and Natural Resources
on February 16, 2005*

SUMMARY

S. 152 would designate the Wild Sky Wilderness on 106,000 acres of federal lands within the Mount Baker-Snoqualmie National Forest in Washington and would authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to acquire nonfederal lands and interests within the proposed wilderness. The bill would require the Secretary to prepare a plan to establish hiking trails within the proposed wilderness and report to the Congress on the implementation of that plan. Finally, S. 152 would direct the Secretary to convey to a local public utility district a permanent easement to operate a snow-monitoring device on 1.82 acres of national forest land in exchange for roughly 372 acres of land owned by that district.

CBO estimates that implementing S. 152 would cost \$18 million over the 2006-2010 period, assuming appropriation of the necessary amounts. Enacting the bill could affect direct spending (including offsetting receipts), but we estimate that any such effects would be negligible. S. 152 contains no intergovernmental or private-sector mandates as defined in the Unfunded Mandates Reform Act (UMRA) and would impose no costs on state, local, or tribal governments.

ESTIMATED COST TO THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

The estimated budgetary impact of S. 152 is shown in the following table. The costs of this legislation fall within budget function 300 (natural resources and environment).

	By Fiscal Year, in Millions of Dollars				
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
CHANGES IN SPENDING SUBJECT TO APPROPRIATION					
Estimated Authorization Level	7	5	5	1	1
Estimated Outlays	7	5	4	1	1

BASIS OF ESTIMATE

CBO estimates that implementing S. 152 would cost \$18 million over the 2006-2010 period, assuming appropriation of the necessary amounts. We also estimate that the bill could increase direct spending, but that any such effects would not be significant in any year. For this estimate, CBO assumes that S. 152 will be enacted by the end of fiscal year 2005 and that funds will be provided for each fiscal year as needed. Estimates of outlays are based on historical spending patterns for similar activities.

Spending Subject to Appropriation

Based on information provided by the Forest Service, CBO estimates that designating the proposed wilderness would increase the agency's administrative costs by roughly \$250,000 to \$500,000 a year. We also estimate that the agency would spend: \$6 million over the 2006-2008 period to remove 27 miles of road that currently exist within the proposed wilderness; \$4 million over the 2006-2008 period to design and implement a system of trails; and up to \$7 million over the same period to acquire nonfederal lands and interests within the proposed wilderness.

Direct Spending

Designating federal lands as wilderness could result in forgone offsetting receipts (a credit against direct spending) if, under current law, those lands would generate income from activities such as timber harvesting and mining. According to the Forest Service, however, those lands currently generate no significant receipts and are not expected to do so over the next 10 years. Therefore, CBO estimates that any forgone receipts under S. 152 would be negligible.

INTERGOVERNMENTAL AND PRIVATE-SECTOR IMPACT

S. 521 contains no intergovernmental or private-sector mandates as defined in UMRA and would impose no costs on state, local, or tribal governments.

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