

S. 2795 would extend various authorities for the Department of Veterans Affairs.

Estimated Budgetary Effects of S. 2795, an act to amend title 38, United States Code, to extend and modify certain authorities and requirements relating to the Department of Veterans Affairs, and for other purposes

As passed by the Senate on September 13, 2023

	By Fiscal Year, Millions of Dollars											2023-2028	2023-2033
	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030	2031	2032	2033		
Increases or Decreases (-) in Direct Spending													
Benefit Restoration	*	*	1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	1	1
Home Loan Fees	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-2	0	0	-2
Total Changes in Direct Spending	*	*	1	*	*	*	*	*	*	-2	*	1	-1
Increases in Spending Subject to Appropriation													
Specified Authorization	0	155	155	155	155	155	0	0	0	0	0	777	777
Estimated Outlays	0	136	151	151	153	157	17	3	1	0	0	748	769

Components may not sum to totals because of rounding; budget authority equals outlays for all sections affecting direct spending; * = between zero and \$500,000.

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The following extensions would affect direct spending:

- Extending, for two years, the authority of the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) to fully restore certain education benefits for students who were unable to complete their program of study and thus did not receive credits because the schools they attended were closed or their courses were disapproved by VA.
- Extending, for one day, the higher rates for fees that VA currently charges borrowers for home loan guarantees.

Additionally, the bill would extend authorizations of appropriations for emergency preparedness activities undertaken by VA.



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See also

[CBO's Cost Estimates Explained](#), [CBO Describes Its Cost-Estimating Process](#), [Glossary](#)