Fiscal Year 2022, U.S. House of Representatives

As of July 28, 2022

This report summarizes the Congressional Budget Office's cost estimates of discretionary appropriations for fiscal year 2022 contained in legislation considered by the House of Representatives.

Table 1 is a summary for fiscal year 2022; **Table 2** is a summary of advance appropriations for future fiscal years. Both tables compare CBO's estimates with the limits on new discretionary budget authority published in the *Congressional Record* by the House Committee on the Budget. **Table 3** summarizes CBO's estimates of changes in direct spending that would result from provisions contained in appropriation legislation.

Enacted Appropriation Legislation

Agriculture (division A of Public Law 117-103)

Commerce, Justice, Science (division B of P.L. 117-103)

Defense (division C of P.L. 117-103)

Energy and Water (division D of P.L. 117-103)

Financial Services and General Government (division E of P.L. 117-103)

Homeland Security (division F of P.L. 117-103)

Interior and Environment (division G of P.L. 117-103)

Labor, Health and Human Services, Education (division H of P.L. 117-103)

Legislative Branch (division I of P.L. 117-103)

Military Construction, Veterans Affairs (division J of P.L. 117-103)

State, Foreign Operations (division K of P.L. 117-103)

Transportation and Housing and Urban Development (division L of P.L. 117-103)

Continuing Appropriations Act, 2022 (division A of P.L. 117-43)

Disaster Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022 (division B of P.L. 117-43)

Afghanistan Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022 (division C of P.L. 117-43)

Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, 2022 (division J of P.L. 117-58)

Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2022 (division A of P.L. 117-70)

Additional Afghanistan Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022 (division B of P.L. 117-70)

Further Additional Continuing Appropriations Act, 2022 (division A of P.L. 117-86)

Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022 (division N of P.L. 117-103)

Additional Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022 (P.L. 117-128)

Bipartisan Safer Communities Act, 2022 (division B of P.L. 117-159)

Supreme Court Security Funding Act, 2022 (division C of P.L. 117-167)



Table 1. Discretionary Appropriations for Fiscal Year 2022

This table summarizes CBO's cost estimates for appropriation legislation for fiscal year 2022 as considered by the House of Representatives. The amounts include new discretionary budget authority and outlays stemming from 2022 legislation as well as budget authority and outlays resulting from appropriations enacted in prior years.

| Millions of Dollars | | | | | Current Status | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|------|--------------|------------|--------------|----------------|------------------------------------|-------------|----------------|--------------------------------|------------|------------|--|
| | | Base Funding | | | Adjust | Adjustment Categories ^b | | | Emergency Funding ^c | | | |
| | | | | Total, | | Program | Wildfire | Total, | | | | |
| Subcommittee | | Defense | Nondefense | Base Funding | Disaster | Integrity | Suppression | Current Status | Defense | Nondefense | Grand Tota | |
| Agriculture ^d | BA: | 0 | 25,125 | 25,125 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25,125 | 0 | 13,338 | 38,463 | |
| Agriculture | O: | 0 | 25,039 | 25,039 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25,039 | 0 | 8,179 | 33,218 | |
| Commerce, Justice, Science | BA: | 6,181 | 69,600 | 75,781 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 75,781 | 137 | 47,996 | 123,914 | |
| Commerce, sustice, science | O: | 6,116 | 69,773 | 75,889 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 75,889 | 41 | 841 | 76,771 | |
| Defense ^e | BA: | 728,322 | 152 | 728,474 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 728,474 | 34,039 | 0 | 762,513 | |
| Defense | O: | 709,185 | 159 | 709,344 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 709,344 | 3,639 | 0 | 712,983 | |
| Energy and Water ^f | BA: | 29,122 | 23,750 | 52,872 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 52,872 | 0 | 41,950 | 94,822 | |
| Energy and Water | O: | 29,005 | 22,447 | 51,452 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 51,452 | 0 | 1,269 | 52,721 | |
| Financial Services | BA: | 39 | 25,450 | 25,489 | 143 | 0 | 0 | 25,632 | 0 | 5,451 | 31,083 | |
| | O: | 36 | 27,667 | 27,703 | 110 | 0 | 0 | 27,813 | 0 | 6,842 | 34,655 | |
| Homeland Security | BA: | 3,200 | 54,300 | 57,500 | 18,799 | 0 | 0 | 76,299 | 55 | 3,756 | 80,110 | |
| Tromerand Security | O: | 2,781 | 69,542 | 72,323 | 477 | 0 | 0 | 72,800 | 24 | 1,120 | 73,944 | |
| Interior and Environment | BA: | 0 | 38,000 | 38,000 | 0 | 0 | 2,450 | 40,450 | 0 | 35,334 | 75,784 | |
| merior and Environment | O: | 0 | 37,964 | 37,964 | 0 | 0 | 841 | 38,805 | 0 | 2,831 | 41,636 | |
| Labor, HHS, Education ^{d, g} | BA: | 0 | 196,994 | 196,994 | 0 | 2,124 | 0 | 199,118 | 0 | 7,831 | 206,949 | |
| Labor, HHS, Education | O: | 0 | 320,322 | 320,322 | 0 | 1,707 | 0 | 322,029 | 0 | 3,662 | 325,691 | |
| Legislative Branch | BA: | 0 | 5,925 | 5,925 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5,925 | 0 | 0 | 5,925 | |
| Legislative Branch | O: | 0 | 6,037 | 6,037 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6,037 | 0 | 0 | 6,037 | |
| Military Construction, VA | BA: | 14,900 | 112,650 | 127,550 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 127,550 | 0 | 0 | 127,550 | |
| Willtary Construction, VA | O: | 12,945 | 115,606 | 128,551 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 128,551 | 0 | 0 | 128,551 | |
| State, Foreign Operations | BA: | 0 | 56,100 | 56,100 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 56,100 | 0 | 29,194 | 85,294 | |
| State, Poleign Operations | O: | 0 | 57,531 | 57,531 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 57,531 | 0 | 5,879 | 63,410 | |
| Transportation, HUD | BA: | 388 | 80,650 | 81,038 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 81,038 | 0 | 44,536 | 125,574 | |
| Transportation, TCD | O: | 383 | 148,556 | 148,939 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 148,939 | 0 | 4,095 | 153,034 | |
| Total | BA: | 782,152 | 688,696 | 1,470,848 | 18,942 | 2,124 | 2,450 | 1,494,364 | 34,231 | 229,387 | 1,757,982 | |
| | O:_ | 760,451 | 900,643 | 1,661,094 | 587 | 1,707 | 841 | 1,664,229 | 3,704 | 34,718 | 1,702,651 | |
| Memorandum ^a | •. | | | 1.500.601 | 10.075 | | 0.450 | | | | | |
| Limits on Budget Author | rity | | | 1,529,601 | 18,942 | 2,541 | 2,450 | | | | | |

Source: Congressional Budget Office. Components do not sum to totals because of rounding.

BA = Budget Authority; HHS = Health and Human Services; HUD = Housing and Urban Development; O = Outlays; VA = Veterans Affairs; n.a. = not applicable.



Table 1. Discretionary Appropriations for Fiscal Year 2022

Continued

- a. On October 27, 2021, in order to meet the requirements of section 4006 of S. Con. Res. 14, the Concurrent Resolution on the Budget for Fiscal Year 2022, the House Committee on the Budget published budgetary material in the Congressional Record providing the House Committee on Appropriations with 302(a) allocations for base discretionary budget authority and outlays. The 302(a) allocation for budget authority (which was subsequently revised on March 17, 2022) is reflected in the memorandum line of this table.
- b. Current-status amounts include—and allocations are adjusted to account for—funding for certain activities designated in accordance with section 4005 of S. Con. Res. 14.
- c. CBO's estimates of emergency-designated discretionary budget authority and outlays reflected in this table stem almost entirely from laws that provide emergency-designated supplemental funding for 2022. Specifically, \$2,500 million in budget authority and \$1,250 million in outlays stem from Continuing Appropriations Act, 2022 (division A of Public Law 117-43). Another \$28,633 million in additional budget authority and \$10,994 million in outlays stem from the Disaster Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022 (division B of P.L. 117-43, which also increases disasterdesignated outlays by \$89 million). A further \$6,664 million in budget authority and \$3,550 million in additional outlays stem from the Afghanistan Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022 (division C of P.L. 117-43). Another \$162,996 million in additional budget authority and \$14,044 in outlays stem from section 90007 of division I and division J of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (P.L. 117-58). An additional \$7,011 million in budget authority and \$1,880 million in outlays stem from the Additional Afghanistan Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022 (division B of P.L. 117 70). Another \$13,601 million in budget authority and \$1,731 million in outlays stem from the Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022 (division N of P.L. 117-103). A further \$40,149 million in budget authority and \$4.897 million in outlays stem from the Additional Ukraine Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2022 (P.L. 117-128). An additional \$2,045 million in budget authority and \$66 million in outlays stem from the Bipartisan Safer Communities Act, 2022 (division B of P.L. 117-159). Finally, \$19 million in budget authority and \$0 million in outlays stem from the Supreme Court Security Funding Act, 2022 (division C of P.L. 117-167).
- d. In keeping with the 21st Century Cures Act (P.L. 114-255), certain funding for the Department of Health and Human Services is excluded from estimates for the purposes of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985. As a result, this estimate excludes \$546 million in budget authority and \$537 million in outlays. Of those amounts, \$50 million in budget authority and \$66 million in outlays are under the jurisdiction of the Subcommittee on Agriculture and \$496 million in budget authority and \$471 million in outlays are under the jurisdiction of the Subcommittee on Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education.
- e. Includes amounts provided by P.L. 117-86 that are available through the end of fiscal year 2022. Specifically, section 165 of that law provides \$350 million in base funding for the Department of Defense to address drinking water contamination at the Red Hill Bulk Fuel Storage Facility in Hawaii.
- f. In keeping with section 14003 of the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (P.L. 116-136, as modified by section 101 of division AA of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 (P.L. 116-260)), certain funding provided to the Army Corps of Engineers is excluded from estimates for the purposes of the Budget Act and the Deficit Control Act. As a result, this report excludes \$2,099 million in budget authority and \$2,083 million in outlays under the jurisdiction of the Subcommittee on Energy and Water.
- g. Includes amounts provided by P.L. 117-43 and P.L. 117-70 that are available through the end of fiscal year 2022. Specifically, \$2.5 billion in emergency-designated funding and \$1.6 billion in base funding was provided for the Administration for Children and Families to assist refugees and other people who enter the United States. Another \$1.5 million in base funding was provided to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention for activities related to sanitizing vessels.



Table 2. Advance Appropriations Provided in 2022 Appropriation Legislation

This table displays advance appropriations—budget authority provided in appropriation legislation that becomes available for obligation one or more fiscal years after the budget year for which the legislation is considered. The amounts shown are incorporated into the current status of discretionary appropriations for future years when the Congress considers appropriation legislation for those respective years.

| Millions of Dollars | | | | | | |
|---|----------------|-------------|---|-------------------|---------|--------------------------|
| | | | Fiscal Year 2024 | | | |
| | | Non-Veterar | ns Accounts | | | |
| Subcommittee | - | • | Not Subject to Limit on Budget Authority | Veterans Accounts | Total | Non-Veterans Accounts |
| Base Funding | | | | | | |
| Interior and Environment ^a | | 0 | 604 | 0 | 0 | 1,566 |
| Labor, HHS, Education | BA: | 24,368 | 0 | 0 | 24,368 | 565 |
| Military Construction, VA | BA: | 0 | 0 | 111,287 | 111,287 | 0 |
| Transportation, HUD | BA: | 4,400 | 0 | 0 | 4,400 | 0 |
| Total | BA: | 28,768 | 604 | 111,287 | 140,055 | 2,131 |
| Emergency-Designated Funding ^b | | 0 | 70,179 | 0 | 0 | 67,626 |
| Memorandum: Limits on Budget Authority | y ^c | 28,852 | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |

Source: Congressional Budget Office.

BA = budget authority; HHS = Health and Human Services; HUD = Housing and Urban Development; VA = Veterans Affairs; n.a. = not applicable.

- a. Reflects nonemergency budget authority provided in section 613 of the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, 2022 (Public Law 117-58).
- b. Reflects emergency-designated budget authority provided in division J of P.L. 117-58 and division B of P.L. 117-159.
- c. Section 4003 of S. Con. Res. 14 restricts the House of Representatives from considering legislation that would provide advance appropriations other than for accounts identified by the Chair of the House Committee on the Budget in a statement published in the *Congressional Record*. The limit on budget authority indicated in this memorandum line applies to accounts listed in that statement, which the Budget Committee published on October 27, 2021.



Table 3. Estimated Budgetary Effects of Changes in Mandatory Programs Contained in 2022 Appropriation Legislation

In keeping with the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990 and scorekeeping guideline 3, when appropriation acts include changes that affect spending on mandatory programs in the current year or budget year, those spending effects (but not the revenue effects) are included in estimates of discretionary funding provided by those acts for the purpose of judging the acts' compliance with limits on budget authority. Such provisions are referred to as changes to mandatory programs (CHIMPs). This table summarizes CBO's estimates of those provisions' budgetary effects over the next 10 years.

| Millions of Dollars | | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 | 2026 | 2027 | 2028 | 2029 | 2030 | 2031 | 2022-2031 |
|-----------------------------------|---|---------|--------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-----------|
| Subcommittee | INCREASES OR DECREASES (-) IN DIRECT SPENDING | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Agriculture ^a | BA: | 305 | 28 | 30 | 28 | 29 | 27 | 27 | 28 | 28 | 31 | 561 |
| | O: | 234 | 207 | 42 | 48 | 39 | 31 | 29 | 29 | 30 | 34 | 723 |
| Commerce, Justice, Science | BA: | -3,386 | 2,321 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -1,065 |
| Commerce, sustice, science | O: | -474 | -476 | -357 | -147 | -1 | 173 | 232 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -1,050 |
| Defense | BA: | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | O: | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Energy and Water | BA: | 2 | 0 | 35 | -33 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| | O: | 2 | 0 | 35 | -33 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Financial Services | BA: | -216 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -216 |
| | O: | -68 | 64 | -75 | -113 | -24 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -216 |
| Homeland Security ^{a, b} | BA: | 1,190 | 310 | 140 | 146 | 154 | 161 | 170 | 178 | 187 | 196 | 2,832 |
| Tieniemia security | O: | 956 | 459 | 224 | 146 | 154 | 161 | 170 | 178 | 187 | 196 | 2,831 |
| Interior and Environment | BA: | 500 | -15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 485 |
| | O: | 500 | -15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 485 |
| Labor, HHS, Education | BA: | -12,720 | 12,893 | 336 | 277 | 201 | 204 | 207 | 211 | 214 | 217 | 2,040 |
| | O: | 31 | 143 | 323 | 269 | 197 | 204 | 207 | 211 | 214 | 217 | 2,016 |
| Legislative Branch | BA: | -2 | -3 | -3 | -3 | -3 | -3 | -3 | -3 | -3 | -3 | -29 |
| | O: | -2 | -3 | -3 | -3 | -3 | -3 | -3 | -3 | -3 | -3 | -29 |
| Military Construction, VA | BA: | -76 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -76 |
| State, Foreign Operations | O: | -52 | -22 | -2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | -76 |
| | BA: | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Transportation, HUD | O: | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 22 |
| | BA: | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| | O: | | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Total | BA: | -14,398 | 15,534 | 538 | 415 | 381 | 389 | 401 | 414 | 426 | 441 | 4,541 |
| | O: | 1,154 | 357 | 187 | 167 | 362 | 566 | 635 | 415 | 428 | 444 | 4,715 |

Source: Congressional Budget Office.

BA = budget authority; HHS = Health and Human Services; HUD = Housing and Urban Development; O = outlays; VA = Veterans Affairs.

- a. The amounts in this table include emergency-designated spending. Such spending within the jurisdiction of the Subcommittee on Agriculture stems from two laws. Emergency-designated budget authority and outlays attributable to division B of Public Law 117-43 total \$20 million and \$14 million, respectively, in 2022 and \$162 million and \$158 million over the 2022-2031 period. Emergency-designated budget authority and outlays attributable to P.L. 117-128 total \$20 million and zero, respectively, in 2022 and \$40 million each over the 2022-2031 period. Emergency-designated budget authority and outlays within the jurisdiction of the Subcommittee on Homeland Security (which stem from division C of P.L. 117-43) total \$537 million and \$498 million, respectively, in 2022 and \$2,169 million and \$2,168 million over the 2022-2031 period. Emergency-designated budget authority and outlays within the jurisdiction of the Subcommittee on Labor, Health and Human Services, and Education (which stem from P.L. 117-128) total \$4 million each in 2022 and \$1,397 million each over the 2022-2031 period.
- b. Section 101(6) of the Continuing Appropriations Act, 2022 (P.L. 117-43), as amended, extended several immigration programs through March 11, 2022; CBO expects those partial-year extensions will affect revenues. The extended policies will result in changes to CBO's estimates of the U.S. population and of the number of people enrolled in certain benefit programs, including some programs that are subsidized with tax credits. Additionally, a portion of the application fee for immigrant visas is classified as revenue. In total, CBO estimates, extending immigration-related provisions through March 11, 2022, will reduce revenues by a negligible amount in 2022 and by less than \$500,000 annually in each of fiscal years 2023 through 2031, for an overall net reduction in revenues of \$1 million over the 2022-2031 period. Those estimated effects on revenues are not reflected in this table. (The amounts in this table do include CBO's estimate of spending stemming from the partial-year extension of immigration policies. Such budget authority and outlays, which fall within the jurisdiction of the Subcommittee on Homeland Security, total \$3 million each in 2022 and \$13 million each over the 2022-2031 period.)