

Proposal for Special Immigrant Visas—CBO's Estimate of the President's Fiscal Year 2017 Budget^{a, b}

(Outlays in millions of dollars, by fiscal year)

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	2017- 2021	2017- 2026
CHANGES IN DIRECT SPENDING												
Exchanges												
Estimated Budget Authority	2	10	18	16	15	14	13	13	13	13	62	129
Estimated Outlays	2	10	18	16	15	14	13	13	13	13	62	129
Medicaid												
Estimated Budget Authority	2	10	18	16	15	14	13	13	13	13	62	129
Estimated Outlays	2	10	18	16	15	14	13	13	13	13	62	129
SNAP												
Estimated Budget Authority	1	8	15	15	14	14	14	13	13	13	54	120
Estimated Outlays	1	8	15	15	14	14	14	13	13	13	54	120
SSI												
Estimated Budget Authority	1	4	9	8	8	9	8	7	7	7	30	68
Estimated Outlays	1	4	9	8	8	9	8	7	7	7	30	68
Total Changes in Direct Spending												
Estimated Budget Authority	6	33	60	56	52	50	48	47	47	46	207	446
Estimated Outlays	6	33	60	56	52	50	48	47	47	46	207	446

Notes: SIV = Special Immigrant Visa; SNAP = Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program; SSI = Supplemental Security Income.

Components may not sum to totals because of rounding.

a. The proposal would increase from 7,000 to 11,000 the number of SIVs available in fiscal years 2015 and beyond to certain Afghans who were employed by the U.S. government or certain organizations associated with the U.S. mission in Afghanistan at some point since 2001. (Additional SIVs, not subject to limitation, are available to certain relatives of those employees who themselves received SIVs.)

b. The President's budget includes this policy in the general provisions for the Department of State. When evaluating an appropriation bill that contains that language, CBO will score the estimated outlays as an increase in discretionary spending because they are a change in a mandatory program in an appropriation bill. If the appropriation were signed into law, CBO would then reclassify the outlays in its baseline as mandatory spending.